



IS IT WORKING? Assessing an Institution's Program Assessment Process

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Overview

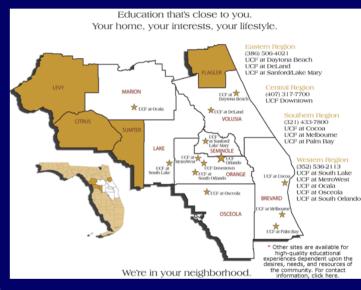
- What is program assessment?
- How do you assess student learning outcomes?
- What is the purpose of an assessment system?
- How do you know whether the assessment system is working?
 - assessment plans
 - system structure
 - assessment culture



The University of Central Florida

From Promise to Prominence: Celebrating 40 Years

- established in 1963 in Orlando Florida (first classes in 1968), Metropolitan Research University
- grown from 1,948 to 43,000 students in 36 years
 - □ 35,300 undergraduates and 7,700 graduates
 - □ 12 instructional sites in regional campus system
 - □ 10th largest public university
- doctoral intensive
 - 84 Bachelors, 64 Masters, 3 Specialist, and 26 PhD programs
- second largest undergraduate enrollment in state
 - projected largest undergraduate enrollment in 2005
- approximately 1,200+ faculty and 3,100 staff
- nine colleges
 - Arts and Sciences, Biomedical Sciences, Business Administration, Education, Engineering and Computer Science, Health and Public Affairs, Honors, Optics and Photonics, and Hospitality Management





What Is Program Assessment?

- formative evaluation process designed to support program improvement
- continuous



- focused on improvement
 - student learning
 - student development
 - the institution and its people





Student Learning Outcomes for Programs

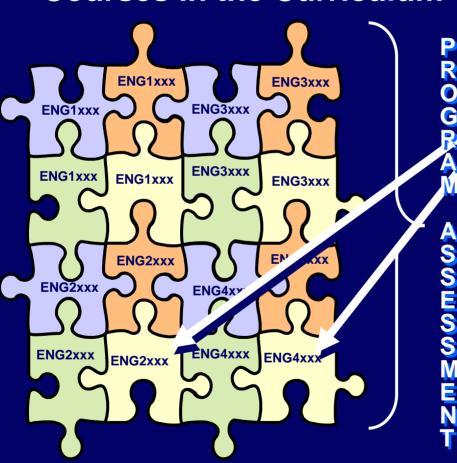
- specific statements that describe required learning achievement that must be met on the way to attaining the degree and meeting the goals of the program
- three questions
 - What does the student know? (cognitive)
 - What can the student do? (psychomotor)
 - What does the student care about? (affective)





Program Outcomes Assessment

Courses in the Curriculum

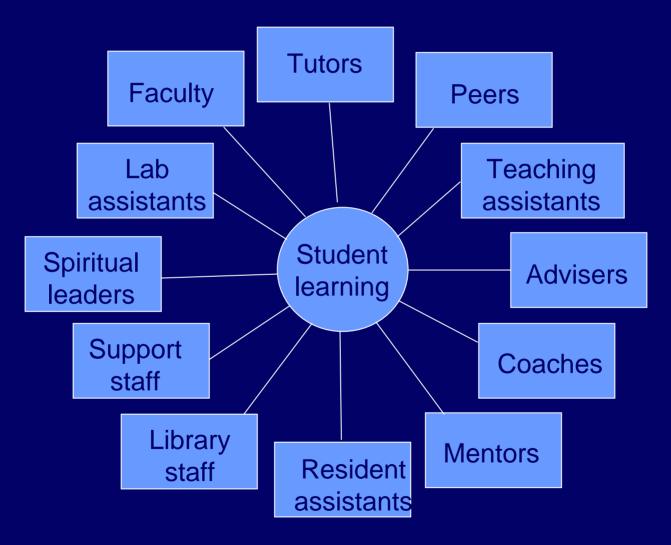


Learning Outcomes

- oral communication
- written communication
- teamwork skills
- quantitative skills
- ethics
- discipline knowledge
- professional skills
- performance skills

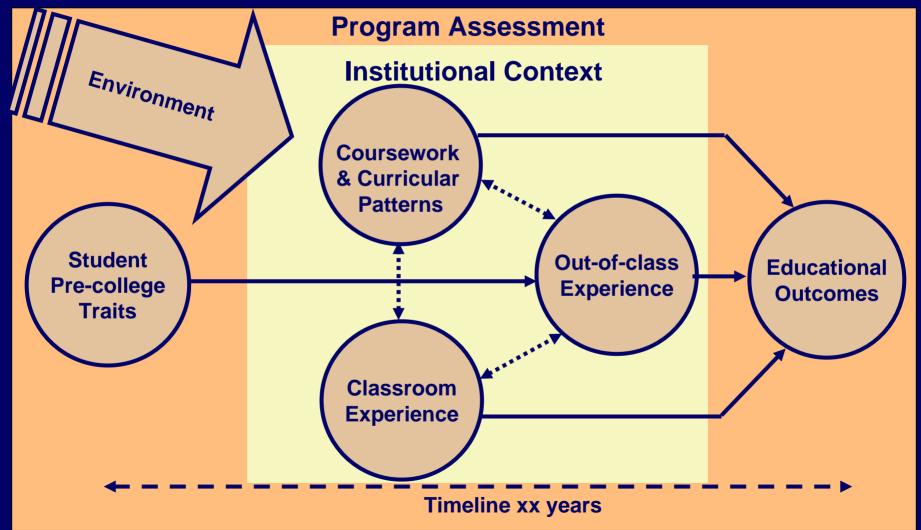


Student Learning Is Complex



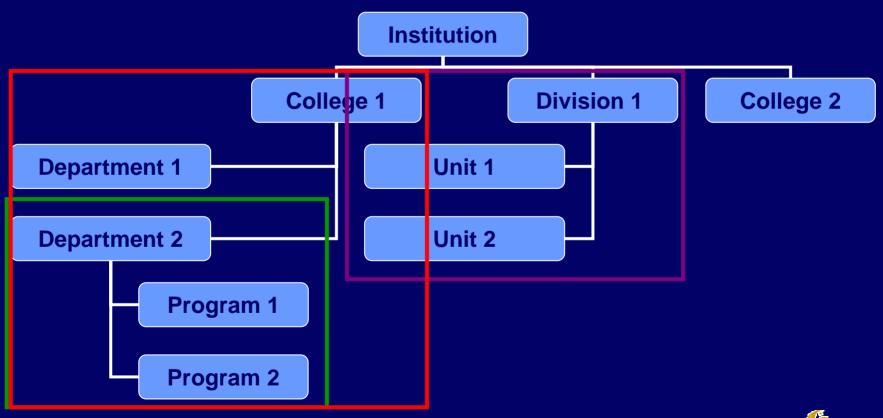


Educational Outcomes





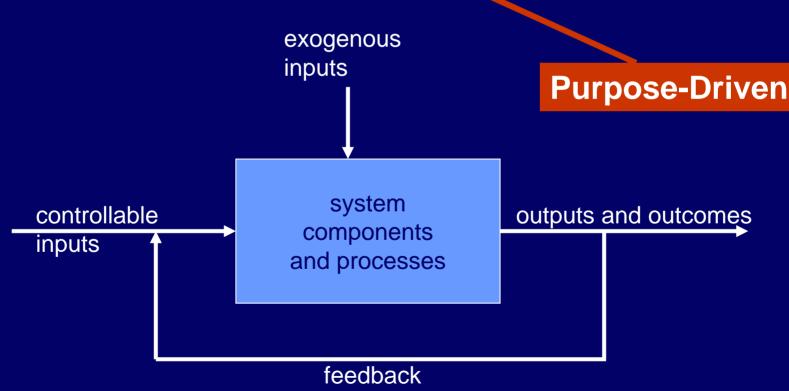
Multi-level View of Systems





What Is a System?

organized set of interacting components working together to achieve a set of goals



IAA DEAS

Purposes of Program Assessment System?

- helps programs and operations to improve
 - quality of assessment plans
 - assessment culture
- supports reaffirmation of accreditation
 - documentation
 - use of results
- informs the budget and planning processes
 - system structure





How Do We Know the System Is Working?

- assess the assessment plans
 - basic content
 - quality of outcomes
 - quality of measures
- assess the system structure
- assess the assessment culture





Assessing Assessment Plans: Content

- includes mission or purpose of program
 - states primary functions and activities
 - states why these are done (program purpose)
 - states stakeholders
- includes a sufficient number of outcomes
 - student learning outcomes (think, know, do)
 - program outcomes
- includes multiple measures for each outcome
 - direct measures
 - measurement using an exam of knowledge gained
 - indirect measures
 - student's perception of knowledge gain





ContentAssessing Assessment Plans:

Individual assessment plan

Content of Plan	Yes	No
Describes purpose or mission of program		
Includes student learning outcomes		
Includes other program outcomes		
Includes 2 or more measures per outcome		

Institution

Content of Plans	Percent of Programs
Describes purpose or mission of program	
Includes student learning outcomes	
Includes other program outcomes	
Includes 2 or more measures per outcome	



Assessing Assessment Plans: Quality of the Outcomes: SMART

- Specific
 - clearly states the expected abilities, knowledge, values and attitudes
 - distinctive and specific to program
- Measurable
 - feasible to collect accurate and reliable data
- Aggressive but Attainable
 - reasonable stretch targets
- Results-oriented
 - focused on expected performance of students, not on teaching or academic processes
- Time-bound
 - indicates when the student should achieve the outcome





Assessing Assessment Plans: Quality of the Outcomes: SMART

Quality of the Outcomes	Excellent	Very	Good	Average	Poor
	100%	good	75%		0%
Specific					
M easurable					
A ttainable					
Results-oriented					
Time-bound					



Program Assessment Measures

- written surveys and questionnaires
- exit and other interviews
- standardized exams
- locally developed exams
- student records
- focus groups

- portfolios
- simulations
- performance appraisals
- external examiner
- oral exams
- behavioral observations
- project evaluations

direct measures: direct examination or observation of student knowledge, skills, or attitudes against measurable learning outcomes indirect measures: perceived extent or value of learning experiences



Assessing Assessment Plans: Quality of the Measures: MATURE

- Matches
 - directly related to the outcome it is trying to measure
- Appropriate methods
 - uses appropriate direct and indirect measures
- Targets
 - indicates desired level of performance
- Useful
 - measures help identify what to improve
- Reliable
 - based on tested known methods
- Effective and Efficient
 - parsimoniously characterize the outcome





Assessing Assessment Plans: Quality of the Measures: MATURE

Quality of the Measurement Methods	Excellent	Very	Good	Average	Poor
	100%	good	75%		0%
Matches the outcome					
Uses appropriate (direct and indirect)					
A pproaches					
Includes Targets for achievement					
Produces Useful results					
Produces Reliable results					
Effective and Efficient					



Assessing the System Structure

- defined assessment model
 - mission, objectives, measures, results, use of results
- quality assurance process
 - continuous improvement of assessment process
 - feedback mechanism
- schedules and timelines for program assessment
 - frequency of submissions and reviews
- support for assessment
 - training, surveys, instructions, and consultations
- documentation system
 - paper-based or electronic
- appropriate linkages to budget and planning
 - loose or tight linkages, depending on institutional needs





Assessing the System Structure

Components of Assessment System	Complete		Non-existent
Defined Assessment Model			
Provide Quality Assurance of the Process			
Schedules and Timelines			
Support for Assessment			
Documentation System			
Linkages to Budget and Planning			



The Assessment Culture

- organizational culture
 - shared basic assumptions that have worked well enough to be considered valid and are seen as the "correct way"
- culture determines the "way we do business"



Assessing the Assessment Culture: **SUCCESS**

- Sincerity means people trust the process
- Usefulness means the process helps people
- Clarity means people understand the process
- Commitment means that leaders are supporters and people believe the process works to their advantage
- Enthusiasm means the people want to do it
- Systemic and Sustainable means everyone is continuing to use it throughout the institution
- Support means people are not on their own—help is available



Assessing the Assessment Culture: **SUCCESS**

Assessing the Assessment Culture	Excellent	Very good	Good	Average	Poor
Sincerity and Integrity					
Usefulness					
Clarity of purpose					
Commitment and Leadership					
Enthusiasm					
Systematic and Sustainable					
Supported					



Summary of "Is It Working?"

- assess the assessment plans
 - clearly defined content
 - SMART outcomes
 - MATURE measures
- assess the assessment structure
 - process, QA, timeline, support, documentation, link to budget
- assess the assessment culture
 - assessment SUCCESS





Questions



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